PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTA

(Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

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(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference 10104SG242	FOR FURTHER ACTION	See Form PCT/IPEA/416		
International application No.	International filing date (day/month/year)	Priority date (day/month/year)		
PCT/SG2004/000366	6 November 2004	6 November 2003		
International Patent Classification (IPC) or	national classification and IPC			
Int. Cl.	•			
H04N 1/415 (2006.01)	H04N 1/415 (2006.01) G06T 9/00 (2006.01) H04N 1/64 (2006.01)			
Applicant				
NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF	SINGAPORE et al			
This report is the international prelimina Authority under Article 35 and transmiti	rry examination report, established by this Interest to the applicant according to Article 36.	emational Preliminary Examining		
2. This REPORT consists of a total of 3	sheets, including this cover sheet.			
3. This report is also accompanied by ANN	VEXES, comprising:	·		
a. X (sent to the applicant and to the	International Bureau) a total of 8 sheets, as	s follows:		
sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications authorized by this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions).				
sheets which supersede earlier sheets, but which this Authority considers contain an amendment that goes beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed, as indicated in item 4 of Box No. I and the Supplemental Box.				
b. (sent to the International Bureau only) a total of (indicate type and number of electronic carrier(s)), containing a sequence listing and/or table related thereto, in electronic form only, as indicated in the Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing (see Section 802 of the Administrative Instructions).				
4. This report contains indications relating	to the following items:			
X Box No. I Basis of the report		·		
Box No. II Priority				
Box No. III Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability				
Box No. IV Lack of unity of in	vention			
X Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applications and explanations supporting such statement				
Box No. VI Certain documents				

Date of submission of the demand 6 September 2005	Date of completion of this report 16 February 2006	
Name and mailing address of the IPEA/AU	Authorized Officer	
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Certain defects in the international application

Certain observations on the international application

Box No. VII Box No. VIII

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No. PCT/SG2004/000366

Box	x No.	•	
1.	Wit	h regard to the language, this report is based on:	
	X The international application in the language in which it was filed		
	A translation of the international application into , which is the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of:		
		international search (under Rules 12.3(a) and 23.1 (b))	
		publication of the international application (under Rule 12.4(a))	
		international preliminary examination (Rules 55.2(a) and/or 55.3(a))	
2.	With regard to the elements of the international application, this report is based on (replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report):		
		the international application as originally filed/furnished	
	X	the description:	
		pages 1, 6-16 as originally filed/furnished	
	_	pages* 2-5 received by this Authority on 6 September 2005 with the letter of the same date pages* received by this Authority on with the letter of	
	X	the claims:	
		pages as originally filed/furnished	
		pages* as amended (together with any statement) under Article 19 pages* 17-20 received by this Authority on 6 February 2006 with the letter of the same date	
		pages* 17-20 received by this Authority on 6 February 2006 with the letter of the same date pages* received by this Authority on with the letter of	
	X	the drawings:	
	لخشا	pages 1/5-5/5 as originally filed/furnished	
		pages* received by this Authority on with the letter of	
	•	pages* received by this Authority on with the letter of	
		a sequence listing and/or any related table(s) - see Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing.	
3.		The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:	
		the description, pages	
		the claims, Nos.	
		the drawings, sheets/figs	
		the sequence listing (specify):	
		any table(s) related to the sequence listing (specify):	
4.		This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments annexed to this report and listed below had not been made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed, as indicated in the Supplemental Box (Rule 70.2(c)).	
		the description, pages	
		the claims, Nos.	
		the drawings, sheets/figs	
		the sequence listing (specify):	
		any table(s) related to the sequence listing (specify):	
.*	If it	tem 4 applies, some or all of those sheets may be marked "superseded."	

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No.

PCT/SG2004/000366

Box No. V	Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability;
	citations and explanations supporting such statement

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	1.	Statement	• ,	
l		Novelty (N)	Claims 1-17	YES
		,	Claims	. NO
İ		Inventive step (IS)	Claims 1-17	YES
	•		Claims	NO
l		Industrial applicability (IA)	Claims 1-17	YES
			Claims	NO

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7)

CLAIMS 1-17

None of the citations in the search report, individually or in combination, disclose the features of the claims. Furthermore, none of the distinguishing features over prior art would either be obvious to a person skilled in the art or would merely amount to adding common general knowledge. The claims are, therefore, novel and inventive.

SUMMARY

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In accordance with a first aspect of the present invention there is provided a method of encoding a document image, the method comprising extracting and encoding one or more picture areas from the document image; extracting and encoding one or more character areas from the document image; obtaining a background image by subtracting the image and character areas from the document image; encoding the background image and generating the encoded document image from the encoded picture areas, the encoded character areas, and the encoded background image.

The character blocks of the character areas may be classified with reference to dynamically generated templates.

The background image may be encoded utilising a SAQ compression algorithm.

The SAQ compression algorithm may be wavelet-based.

The extracting of the picture areas and/or the character areas may comprise marking blocks partitioned from the document image based on features of wavelet coefficients of the respective blocks.

The extracting of the pictures areas may comprise a hierarchical extraction comprising extracting picture blocks from the document image to generate one or more initial picture areas and refining the initial picture areas by extracting picture pixels adjacent to the initial picture areas.

The extracting of the character areas from the document image may comprise utilising a customised definition of the connectivity of the pixels.

The method may further comprise generating style data as a description of the templates and character blocks.

The classifying the character blocks may comprise a hierarchical matching comprising matching the style of each character block based on the style data and then matching each character block against selected ones of the templates based on the style data matching.

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The classifying of the character blocks based on the templates may comprise morphological matching.

The morphological matching may comprise matching algorithms M₁ and M₂,

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Different structure elements may be utilised for different types of document images.

The method may further comprise bit plane storage of a compressed stream of the document image in the order of character areas, picture area and background image for progressive decoding.

In accordance with a second aspect of the present Invention there is provided a method of decoding a compressed document image stream, the method comprising extracting and decoding one or more picture areas from the compressed document image stream; extracting and decoding one or more character areas from the compressed document image stream; extracting and decoding a background image from the compressed data image stream; decoding the background image; and reconstructing the decoded document image from the decoded picture areas, the decoded character areas and the decoded background image.

In accordance with a third aspect of the present invention there is provided a computer readable data storage medium having stored thereon code means for instructing a computer to execute a method of encoding a document image, the method comprising extracting and encoding one or more picture areas from the document image; extracting and encoding one or more character areas from the document image; obtaining a background image by subtracting the image and character areas from the document image; encoding the background image; and generating the encoded document image from the encoded picture areas, the encoded character areas, and the encoded background image.

In accordance with a fourth aspect of the present invention there is provided a computer readable data storage medium having stored thereon code means for instructing a computer to execute a method of decoding a compressed document image stream, the method comprising extracting and decoding one or more picture areas from the compressed document image stream; extracting and decoding one or more character areas from the compressed document image stream; extracting and decoding a background image from the compressed data image stream; decoding the background image; and reconstructing the decoded document image from the decoded picture areas, the decoded character areas and the decoded background image.

In accordance with a fifth aspect of the present invention there is provided a system for encoding a document image, the system comprising means for extracting and encoding one or more picture areas from the document image; means for extracting and encoding one or more character areas from the document image; means for obtaining a background image by subtracting the image and character areas from the document image; means for encoding the background image; and generating the encoded document image from the encoded picture areas, the encoded character areas, and the encoded background image.

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In accordance with a sixth aspect of the present invention there is provided a system for decoding a compressed document image stream, the system comprising means for extracting and decoding one or more picture areas from the compressed document image stream; means for extracting and decoding one or more character areas from the compressed document image stream; means for extracting and decoding a background image from the compressed data image stream; means for decoding the background image; and means for reconstructing the decoded document image from the decoded picture areas, the decoded character areas and the decoded background image.

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BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Embodiments of the invention will be better understood and readily apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art from the following written description, by way of example only, and in conjunction with the drawings, in which:

Figure 1 shows a block diagram illustrating an encoder process in an example embodiment.

Figure 2 shows a block diagram illustrating a decoder process in an example embodiment.

Figure 3 shows a block diagram illustrating an image block extractor process in an example embodiment.

Figure 4 shows a block diagram illustrating a process for clustering of character images in an example embodiment.

Figure 5 is a schematic drawing Illustrating a computer system for implementing the method and system of an example embodiment.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Embodiments of the present invention provide an image compression technique for classifying, matching and identifying document images based on a wavelet compression method. This method may be referred to as a wavelet document image compression (WDIC) method. More specifically, in embodiments of the present invention, the character and picture components may be separated from the

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CLAIMS

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1. A method of encoding a document image, the method comprising: extracting and encoding one or more pictures from the document image; extracting and one or more original characters from the document image; encoding the original characters utilising a library of templates; generating reconstructed characters from the encoded original characters; obtaining a background image by subtracting the pictures and the reconstructed characters from the document image;

encoding the background image; and generating the encoded document image from the encoded pictures, the encoded original characters, and the encoded background image.

- The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein character blocks associated
 with the original characters are classified with reference to dynamically generated templates.
 - 3. The method as claimed in claim 1 or 2, wherein the background image is encoded utilising a SAQ wavelet encoder.
 - 4. The method as claimed in claims 1 to 3, wherein the extracting of the pictures and/or the characters comprises marking blocks partitioned from the document image based on features of wavelet coefficients of the respective blocks.
- 5. The method as claimed in claims 1 to 4, wherein the extracting of the pictures comprises a hierarchical extraction comprising extracting picture blocks from the document image to generate one or more initial picture areas and refining the initial picture areas by extracting picture pixels adjacent to the initial picture areas.
- 30 6. The method as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 5, wherein the extracting of the characters from the document image comprises utilising a customised definition of the connectivity of the pixels.

- 7. The method as claimed in any one of claim 2, further comprising generating style data as a description of the templates and character blocks.
- 8. The method as dalmed in claim 7, wherein the classifying the character blocks comprises a hierarchical matching comprising matching the style of each character block based on the style data and then matching each character block against selected ones of the templates based on the style data matching.
- The method as claimed in any one of claim 2, wherein the classifying of
 the character blocks based on the templates comprises morphological matching.
 - 10. The method as claimed in claim 9, wherein the morphological matching comprises matching algorithms M_1 and M_2 .
- 15 11. The method as claimed in claim 10, wherein different structure elements are utilised for different types of document images.
 - 12. The method as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 11, further comprising bit plane storage of a compressed stream of the document image in the order of character areas, picture area and background image for progressive decoding.
 - 13. A method of decoding a compressed document image stream, the method comprising:

extracting and decoding one or more pictures from the compressed document 25 image stream;

extracting and decoding one or more reconstructed characters from the compressed document image stream, wherein the reconstructed characters are reconstructed from encoded original characters in the document image utilising a library of templates;

extracting and decoding a background image from the compressed data image stream, wherein the background image includes a subtraction of the pictures and the reconstructed characters from the document image; and

reconstructing the decoded document image from the decoded pictures, the decoded reconstructed characters and the decoded background image.

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14. A computer readable data storage medium having stored thereon code means for instructing a computer to execute a method of encoding a document image, the method comprising:

extracting and encoding one or more pictures from the document image;
extracting one or more original characters from the document image;
encoding the original characters utilising a library of templates;
generating reconstructed characters from the encoded original characters;
obtaining a background image by subtracting the pictures and the reconstructed characters from the document image;

encoding the background image; and

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generating the encoded document image from the encoded pictures, the encoded original characters, and the encoded background image.

15. A computer readable data storage medium having stored thereon code means for instructing a computer to execute a method of decoding a compressed document image stream, the method comprising:

extracting and decoding one or more pictures from the compressed document image stream;

extracting and decoding one or more endoded reconstructed characters from the compressed document image stream, wherein the reconstructed characters are reconstructed from encoded original characters in the document image utilising a library of templates;

extracting and decoding a background image from the compressed data image stream, wherein the background image includes a subtraction of the pictures and the reconstructed characters from the document image; and

reconstructing the decoded document image from the decoded pictures, the decoded reconstructed characters and the decoded background image.

16. A system for encoding a document image, the system comprising: means for extracting and encoding one or more picture from the document image;

means for extracting and one or more original characters from the document image;

means for encoding the original characters utilising a library of templates; means for generating reconstructed characters from the encoded original characters;

means for obtaining a background image by subtracting the pictures and the reconstructed characters from the document image, whereby the background image comprises residual image data representing differences between the original characters and the templates;

means for encoding the background image; and

means for generating the encoded document image from the encoded pictures, the encoded original characters, and the encoded background image.

17. A system for decoding a compressed document image stream, the system comprising:

means for extracting and decoding one or more pictures from the compressed document image stream;

means for extracting and decoding one or more reconstructed characters from the compressed document image stream, wherein the reconstructed characters are reconstructed from encoded original characters in the document image utilising a library of templates;

means for extracting and decoding a background image from the compressed data image stream, wherein the background image includes a subtraction of the pictures and the reconstructed characters from the document image; and

means for reconstructing the decoded document image from the decoded pictures, the decoded reconstructed characters and the decoded background image.

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